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What Makes Angela Merkel Cry? How Junk News Shaped Europe Perception

in Chinese Social Media

- A Study of Social Media Posts obtained from WeChat Public Accounts in 2018

1. WeChat (微信) as China's "Super App":

- 80% market share among all social media apps in China
- Wide range of features integrated into one app: messaging, chat, news, games, direct payments ...
- WeChat-based information consumption 240 billion RMB (35 billion USD) in 2018
- 2. What is WeChat Public Accounts (公众号):
- A service for media, companies, authorities, "self-media" (自媒体) providing content to a broad audience
- 20 million registered accounts, of which 5 million are active,
- 5 billion daily page views

3. What is Europe?

Key word search with:

- Europe (欧洲) + EU (欧盟) + 47 member states Council of Europe
- + Belarus (白俄罗斯), + Vatican (梵蒂冈)
- - Russia (俄罗斯),- Turkey (土耳其)
- = 11000 posts dealing with Europe or various European countries





4. Who is talking about Europe?

- State Media
- Self-Media with nationalistic point of view
- Commercial entities promoting immigration projects

5. What are they saying?

1. America First, 2. Refugee Crisis, 3. A Chinese Dream: Europe as a Destination of Migration



6. Conclusion:

- In light of tensions between global powers, Europe is often portrayed as having a secondary, sideline role, either suffering indignity in the shadow of U.S. hegemony, or standing up against the United States alongside China. This overarching narrative is deployed to legitimate China's position against the U.S, or as a counter-balance to its interests.
- Where Europe-specific issues are concerned, there is a deep polarization of perception on the Chinese side. On the one hand, Europe is perceived as being in the midst of a prolonged disaster owing to the refugee crisis and its imagined fallout. Simultaneously, it is portrayed as an ideal



destination for immigration for Chinese middle class.

• A substantial proportion of social media content referring to Europe in the Chinese social media

space can be classified as "junk news," often adopted or adapted from unreliable sources outside

China.

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